Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_\_

**The American Revolution Test Review**

1. The French and Indian War was fought between what 2 sides? (140-141)
2. The French and Indian war was fought over disputed land. What was the land? (140)
3. What was the primary reason the 13 colonies joined with the British to fight this war? (140)
4. Following the French and Indian War, what did King George do in order to pay the debt of the war? (146)
5. What did the Proclamation of 1763 state? (145)

Define the following Acts:

|  |
| --- |
| 1. Tea Act (150): |
| 1. Stamp Act (147): |
| 1. Quartering Act (147): |
| 1. Townshend Act (148): |
| 1. Intolerable Acts (151): |

1. A Patriot supports the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and a Loyalist supports the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (157)
2. “Give me liberty, or Give me death” was a famous quote but what American patriot? (147)
3. The first battles of the American Revolution occurred at which cities? (152-153)
4. What was the **Olive Branch Petition**? (158)
5. The Second Continental Congress appointed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to lead the Continental Army. (156)
6. When Thomas Jefferson wrote the Declaration of Independence he said that all men had three basic rights – what were those three rights? (172-173)
7. Which author argued that it was “Common Sense” that the colonies break away from Great Britain: (170)
8. Read the following statements and determine if they would be comments made by a loyalist or a patriot.
   1. “Down with the Colonies!”
   2. “I’ll support the King until I die.”
   3. “These taxes aren’t so bad”
   4. “We want representation in Parliament!”
9. In the Declaration of Independence, how did Jefferson show that King George was unfit to be King? (172)
10. What was the **real** reason the colonists grew so upset with King George which caused them to write the Declaration of Independence? (Think: “No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”)
11. How did the Great Awakening of the mid-1700s affect the British colonies? (121)
12. Which battle brought the end to the American Revolution in 1781? (192)
13. Describe the conditions of patriot soldiers under George Washington at Valley Forge. (184-185)
14. Why was the Battle of Bunker Hill so significant? (159)
15. All the taxes were repealed except the tax on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (150)
16. Who was responsible for the Boston Tea Party? (151)
17. What was the main purpose of the Declaration of Independence? (172-173)
18. How did the American Revolution effect women? (168)
19. Although the British had many advantages when the war began, the colonists were able to win the war. Why? (Think about the advantages the colonists had vs. those of the British)
20. Why were colonial boycotts of British goods an effective measure before the Revolutionary War? (150-151)



1. What is the message of the Join or Die image?

**Annotate the following documents and answer the accompanying questions.**

In 1775, Patriots had taken over Virginia. In desperation, Lord Dunmore, the Loyalist governor, sent this declaration to the rebel Patriots in Virginia.

*“[So] that the peace and good order of this colony may be again restored…I do, [by] the authority to me given by His majesty, determine to execute martial law…I do require every person capable of bearing arms to resort to His Majesty’s standard, or be looked upon as traitors to His Majesty’s…government, and [subject to] the penalty…government, and [subject to] the penalty…such as [loss] of life or lands*…”—from Proclamation of Lord Dunmore, November 1775.



1. According to Dunmore, why are the Patriots a danger to the colony?
2. The series of events shown in the chart to the right led directly to the outbreak of which war?

*“I would have hanged my brother if he took part with our enemy in this country,” said patriot Sam Adams.*

*Bodies were then piled in the carts and hauled through the streets. The loyalists laughed and hooted as they saw these carts go by. “There goes another load of rebels,” they would say.*

1. Based on these statements, which conclusion can best be drawn about the colonists’ support for independence from England?

*"It was now evening, and I immediately dressed myself in the costume of an Indian, equipped with a small hatchet, which I and my associates denominated the tomahawk, with which, and a club, after having painted my face and hands with coal dust in the shop of a blacksmith, I repaired to Griffin's wharf, where the ships lay that contained the tea. When I first appeared in the street after being thus disguised, I fell in with many who were dressed, equipped and painted as I was, and who fell in with me and marched in order to the place of our destination.*

*…We then were ordered by our commander to open the hatches and take out all the chests of tea and throw them overboard, and we immediately proceeded to execute his orders, first cutting and splitting the chests with our tomahawks, so as thoroughly to expose them to the effects of the water. In about three hours from the time we went on board, we had thus broken and thrown overboard every tea chest to be found in the ship…*

- George Hewes, *a member of the band of "Indians" that boarded the tea ships that evening.*

1. Which event is referred to in the above account?
2. What order did Hewes’ commander give to the citizens in the incident described?
3. How was the economy impacted by the protests described above?

*“We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. — That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, — That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness.”*

- Excerpt from the Declaration of Independence

1. Based on the passage above, what does the phrase ‘consent of the governed’ mean?
2. According to the Declaration of Independence what do the colonists feel they are entitled to as human beings?
3. People have the right to, “alter or to abolish” government when…